

RETAIL

WAITING FOR A TURNAROUND



Loan Nguyen – loan.nh@vdsc.com.vn



RETAIL INDUSTRY – WAITING FOR A TURNAROUND



Investment Rating

Negative

Neutral

Positive

Overview

The retail industry will slightly recover in the second half of 2023 and improve clearer in 2024. Market leaders will continue to grow their market share after the slowdown. Long-term growth will focus on fragmented segments with high expansion potential.

Highlights

Macro headwinds hit retailers' earnings heavily in 1H 2023.

- During Q1/23, ICT businesses experienced nearly unprofitable results with significant declines in both sales and gross margins. While PNJ and non-essential retailers also faced slowdowns, the reduction was not overly substantial. We expect MWG and DGW to see improved QoQ growth in Q2/23 profit.
- In the first 6 months of 2023, VNIndex increased by more than 11% while the stock price performance of the retail industry decreased by 1%.

Gradually resume purchasing power in 2H 2023; One of the strongest recovery sectors in 2024.

- We expect exporting activities and labor market to recover in 2H 2023 when the economy gradually exits a period of slowdown and constraint, and improves consumer confidence and disposable income. However, profit could not fully recover at least until 2H 2024, in our view.
- Current period presents a favorable opportunity for major players to expand their market share and accelerate growth in the post-slowdown phase.

Long-term growth drivers remain intact.

- The three primary drivers of retail growth are the expansion of the middle class, the transition from traditional to modern retail channels, and the entry of retail chains into fragmented segments.
- Pharmaceuticals and grocery retail are the two sectors anticipated to exhibit the most robust growth over the next five years.

Risks

- Slower-than-expected recovery due to weak economy, prolonged competition, and low consumer confidence.
- The nascent retail segments have not been able to grow as quickly in profit as expected.

Valuation

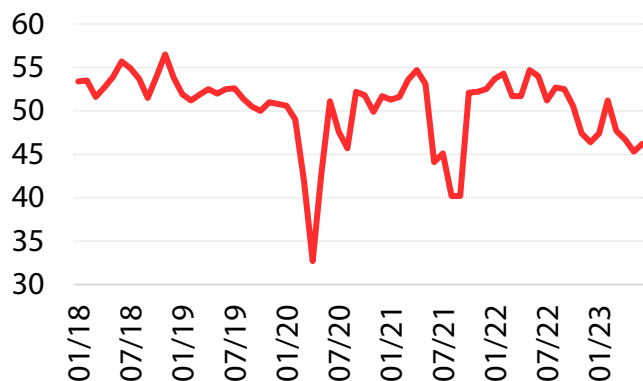
- Retail earnings may remain weak in Q3/23 due to the low season effect but are expected to have a clearer recovery from Q4/23 onwards. However, investors sentiment are becoming less pessimistic about the short-term difficulties and are focusing on long-term prospects.
- MWG and FRT have the potential for upward re-rating when their nascent businesses improve profitability. Additionally, capital sale catalysts could play a crucial role in increasing their valuation, even though the exact plans are not yet clear.
- PNJ offers an attractive P/E ratio for those seeking a steady 20% CAGR in NPAT over the next 5 years. The P/E fwd 2025 (the time of full recovery of profits) of MWG and FRT remains attractive at a discount compared to the 5-year average. However, we prefer to buy at a discounted area due to potential corporate risks ahead.

Recommendation

MWG (ACCUMULATE, TP: VND 57,600), **PNJ** (ACCUMULATE, TP: VND 88,000), **FRT** (REDUCE, TP: VND 66,600)

Consumer's income affected following economic contraction, leading to belt-tightening phenomenon

PMI remains low...



...make it difficult for the labor market

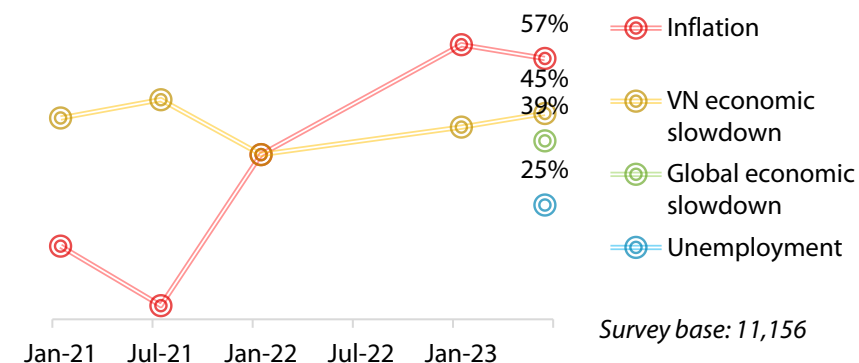
Present impact on salary & job security (% out of total survey base) (*) Survey base: 9,560

Hours/salary cut	27%
Worried will lose job	44%
Worried salary will be cut	54%

Business owners' sentiment

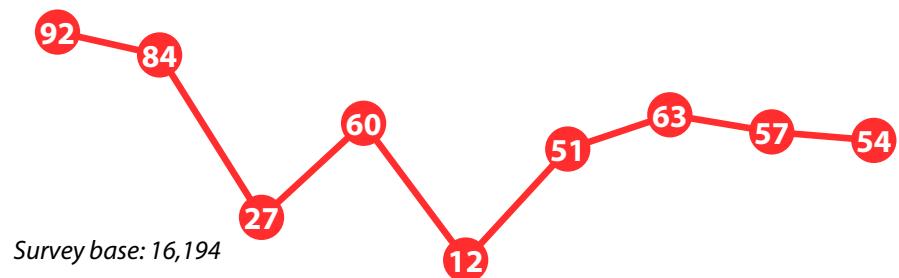
Plan to reduce workforce	71%
Have negative economic outlook	81%

Inflation and domestic economic slowdown are top fears now



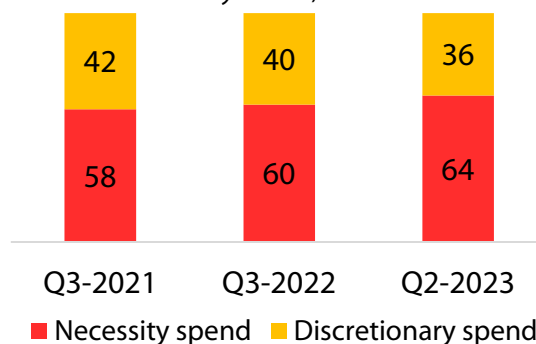
Source: S&P Global PMI, Private Sector Development Committee / VnExpress, Infocus Mekong Research, RongViet Securities

Consumer confidence is going down; consumers tend to prioritize necessity spend over discretionary spend



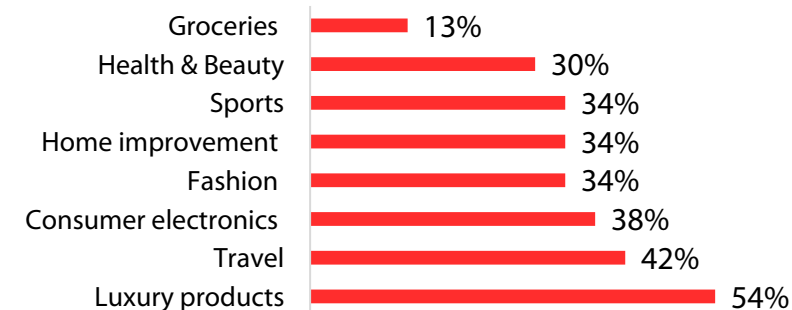
Discretionary spending proportion drops to 36%

Survey base: 1,026



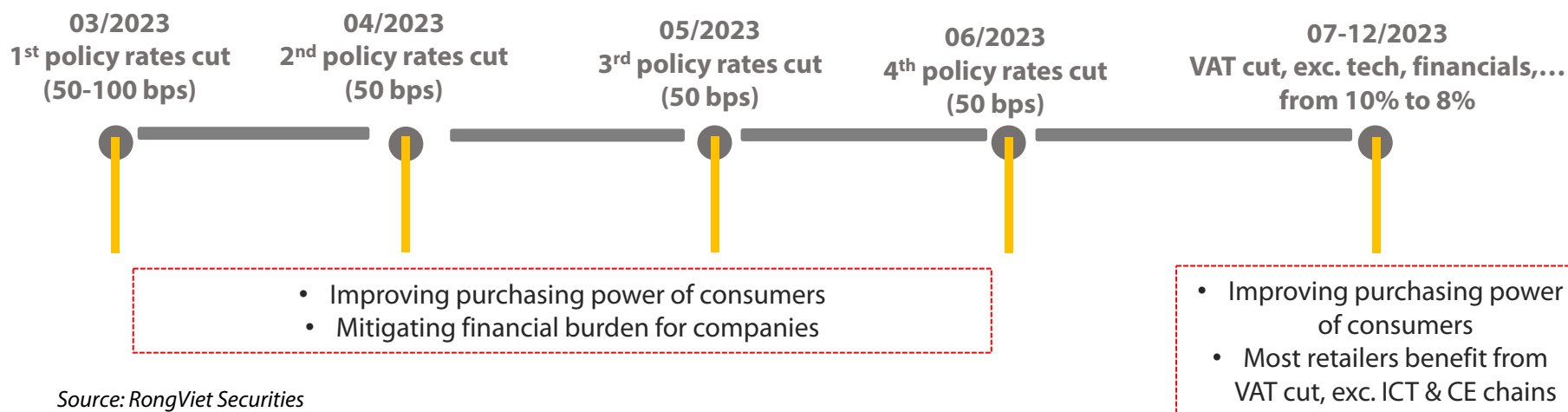
Groceries deem to be the least affected segment

% consumers expecting to spend less over the next 6 months



Source: PwC, Infocus Mekong Research, RongViet Securities

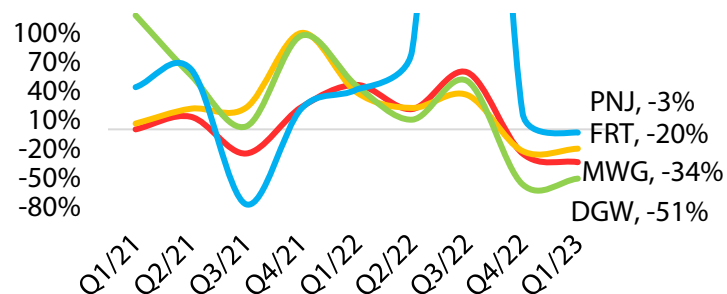
Policies to support domestic consumer sector in 2023



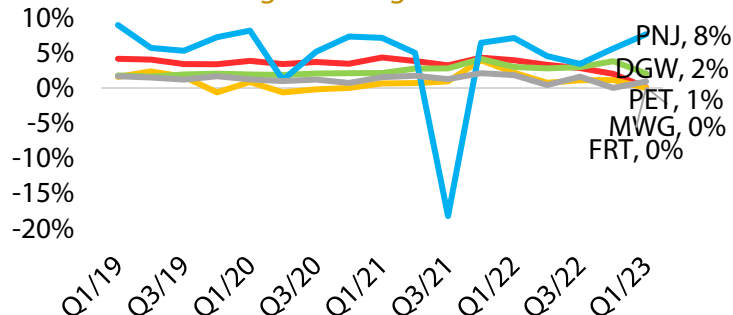
- **Gradually improving consumer purchasing power.** We expect exporting activities and labor market to recover in 2H 2023 when the economy gradually exits a period of slowdown and constraint, improving consumer confidence and disposable income.
- **Government policy** to support domestic consumption. In consumer sector, VAT reduction policy has recently been applied to BHX, MSN (excluding MHT), VNM, PNJ and QNS. Companies not eligible for VAT reduction include TGDD&DMX, FPTShop, VEA, FPT, SAB, and DGW. Nonetheless, it is important to highlight that while we acknowledge the positive impact of the VAT reduction on the recovery of retail businesses, we firmly believe that its significance is more supportive than pivotal. The key determinants for recovery remain to be income levels and purchasing power.
- **Profit margin, especially for ICT & CE segment, will take a long time to recover to previous levels,** but will gradually improve in the second half of 2023 as interest expense pressure from retail businesses will subside and old high-priced inventories will be released.
- **Good time to establish a dominant position in fragmented segments.** Post-slowdown winners would be leading retailers whose market share enlarges resulting from small players going out of business. Major players in fragmented segments will rapidly increase market share if the right strategy is followed.
- A full recovery in retailers' business results should be from 2024, depending on the pace of economic recovery.

Dismal earnings in Q1 2023; Deleveraging to shore up cash flow

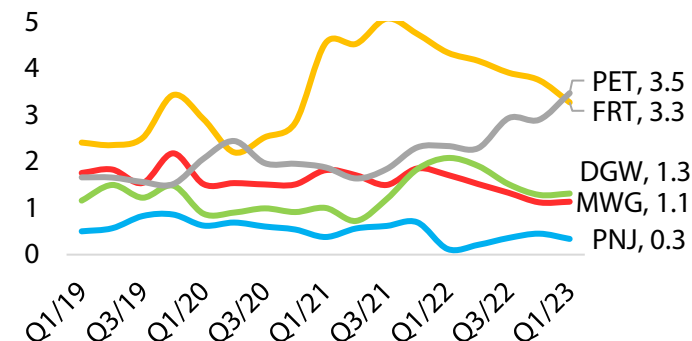
YoY sales growth of ICT retailers dropped significantly from Q4/22



Near-zero net margin of ICT retailers in the aftermath of weak sales and shrunken gross margin



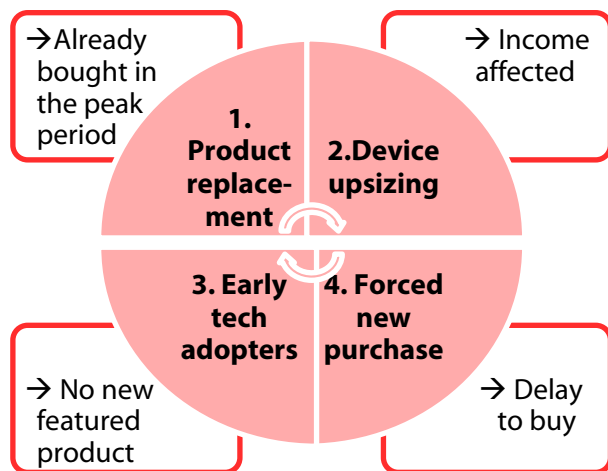
D/E ratio (x): FRT and PET face high financial risk.



Source: FiinPro, RongViet Securities

Four purposes to buy ICT & CE products

Customer groups' purchasing power is diminished.



Source: RongViet Securities

- **ICT& CE was the hitting-hardest segment in 1H 2023.** A flurry of promotions and price reduction to cushion subdued sales, but these are also profit margin killers.
- **U-shaped recovery.** We expect ICT retailers' business results to recover slightly from the first half of the year thanks to increased consumer confidence, improved consumer lending, shopping season and the launch of new product lines (especially the iPhone 15).
- However, we believe that purchasing power will only recover to organic growth in 2024 when the economy and labor market improve and enter the cycle of replacing electronic devices (avg of 2 years).
- Of the four groups of ICT buyers that we classify, we expect group 3 (Early tech adopters) and group 4 (Forced new purchase) to have a recovery momentum in the second half of 2023, while the remaining two groups will continue to delay procurement until 2024.
- Jewelry sales weaken but decline slightly.

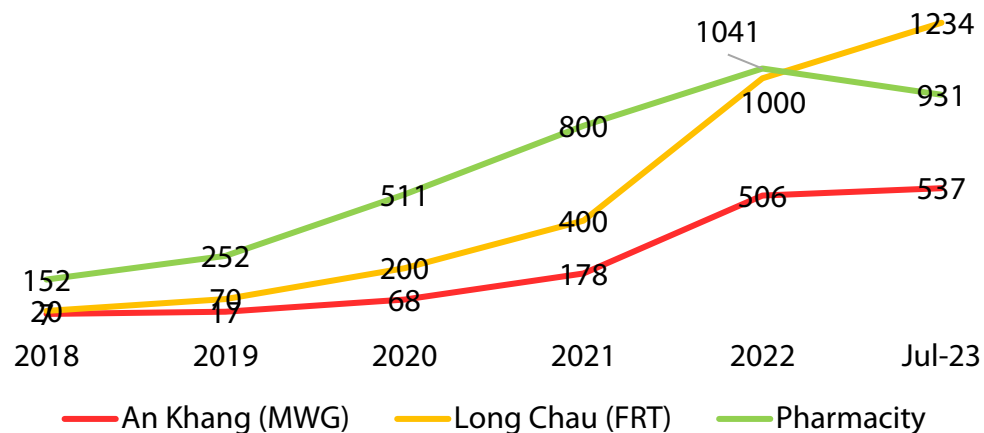
PHARMACY: Good time to establish a dominant position

Vietnam's pharmaceutical retail industry is still highly fragmented. This is the industry with the fastest growth in sales for existing MT retailers over the next five years.

Long Chau is on track to become the winner

- Long Chau is the only profitable pharmaceutical chain currently
- The pause in the new opening of An Khang and Pharmacity is an opportunity for Long Chau to continue to accelerate.

Store count of pharmacy chains



Source: RongViet Securities

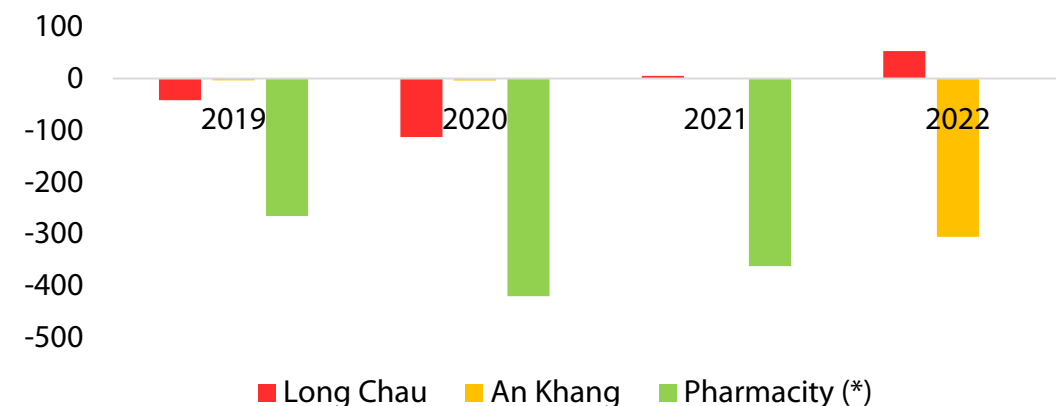
Comparison of financial performance of key pharma chains

	Sales per store/month	Gross margin (FY2022, %)	Net profit (FY2022 – VND bn)
An Khang	VND 400 mn (or USD 17k)	20%	Loss of VND 306 Bn (or USD 13 mn)
Pharmacity (*)	VND 500 mn (or USD 21k)	N/A	Loss of VND 363 Bn (or USD 15 mn)
Long Chau	VND 1.1 bn (or USD 55k)	23%	Gain of VND 53 Bn (of USD 2 mn)

Pharmacity: Based on 2021 data due to no public data for 2022

Source: RongViet Securities

Bottom line of pharma chains (VND Bn)



(*) No data of Pharmacity in FY2022

Source: RongViet Securities

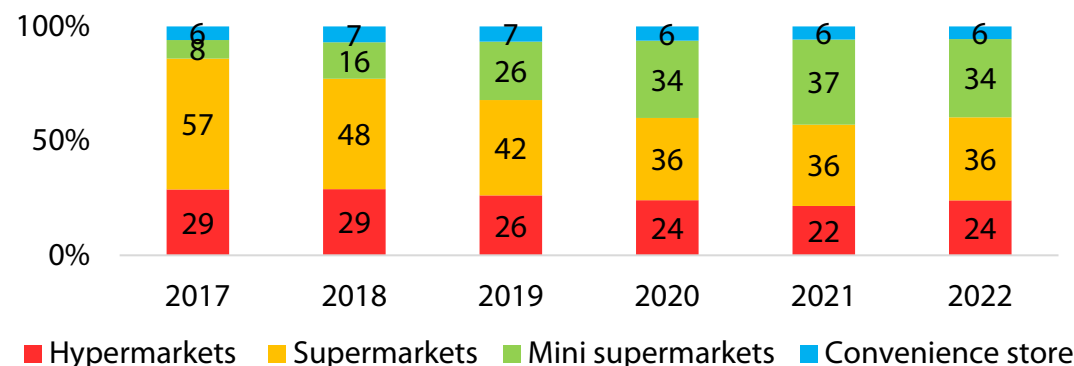
ESSENTIAL RETAIL: STABLE DEMAND, OPPORTUNITY TO EXPAND MARKET SHARE FOR MT RETAILERS

GROCERY: Shifting priorities from swift expansion to emphasizing break even

Stable demand. Although sales have slowed down, they are still relatively stable. Retailers are also cautious in the new opening strategy and give priority to the break-even point.

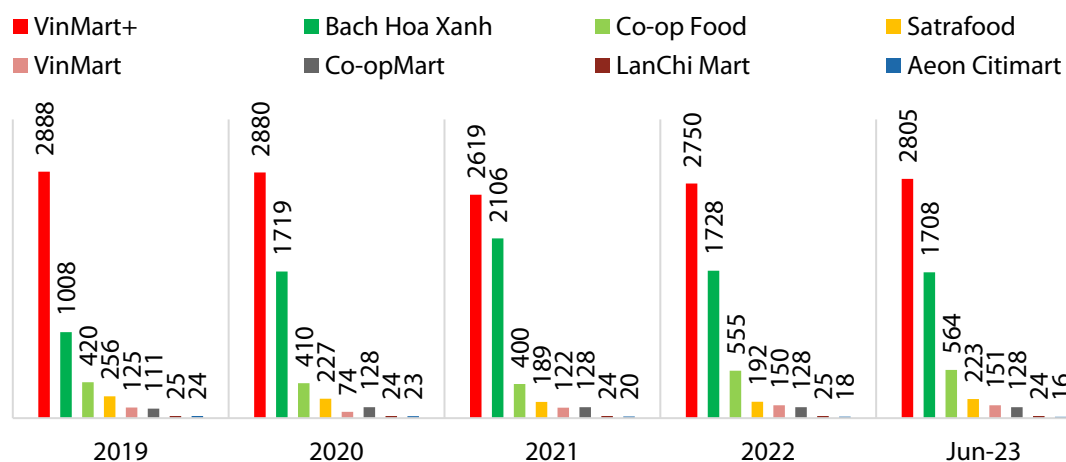
After undergoing restructuring, BHX is anticipated to reach a break-even point in late this year. BHX's low cost and operating cost optimization strategy proved effective in the current economic context, helping the chain to gradually reach the break-even point.

Market share of grocery by modern trade channel



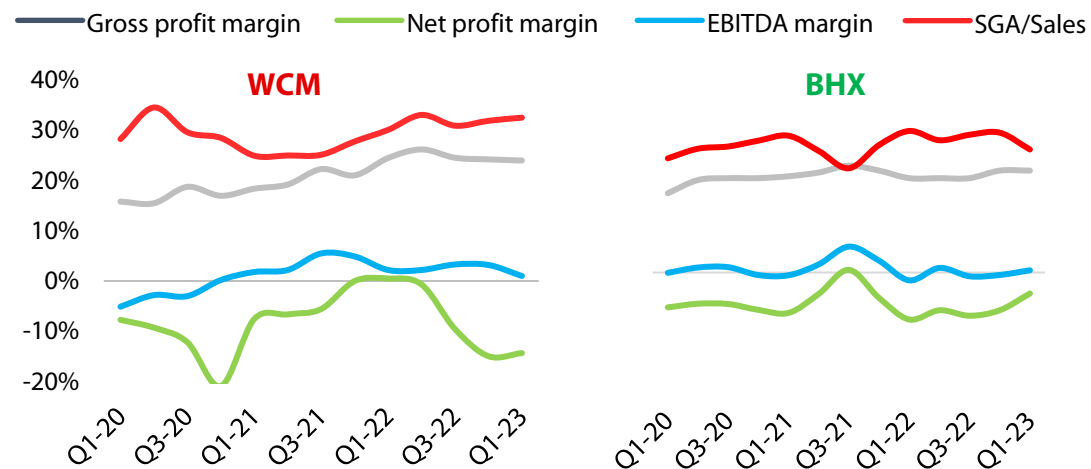
Source: Euromonitor, RongViet Securities

Store count of grocery chains



Source: Euromonitor, RongViet Securities

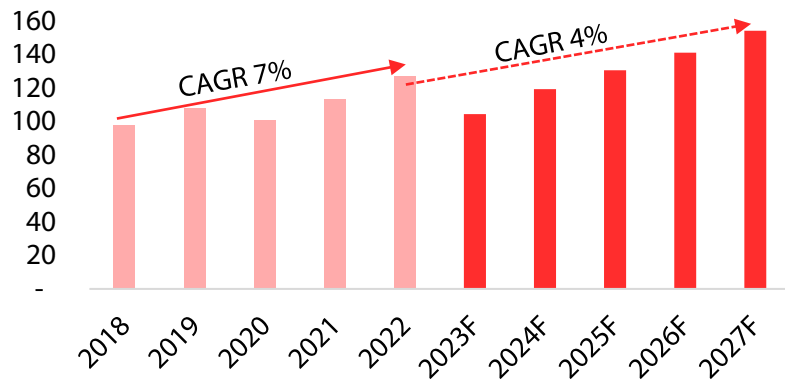
WCM and BHX GPM, NPM, EBITDA margin and SGA/Sales



Source: RongViet Securities

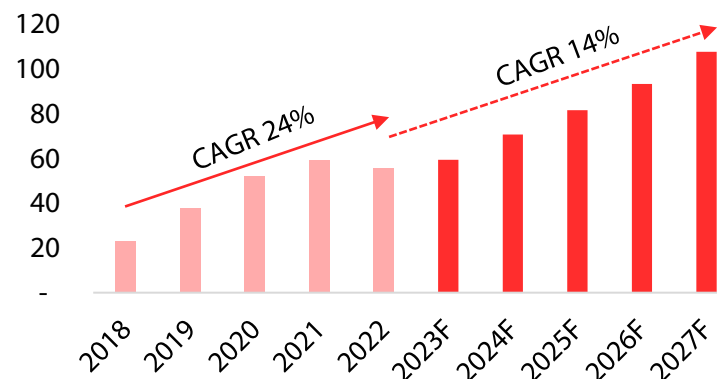
Which retail segments explore highest 5Y growth in our coverage list?

ICT sales forecast (VND Tn)



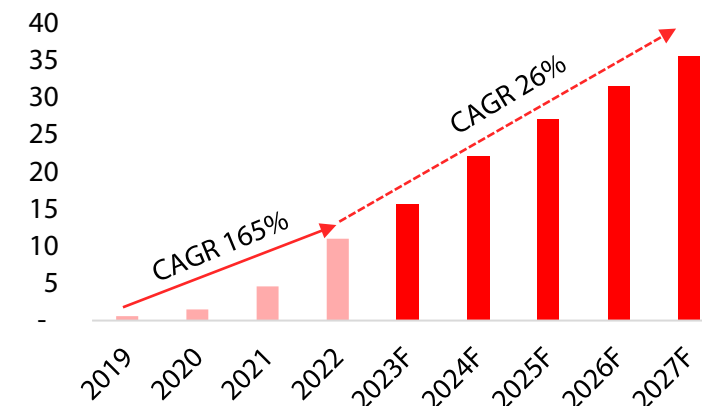
Forecast basket: TGDD + DMX (MWG); FPT Shop (FRT)

Grocery sales forecast (VND Tn)



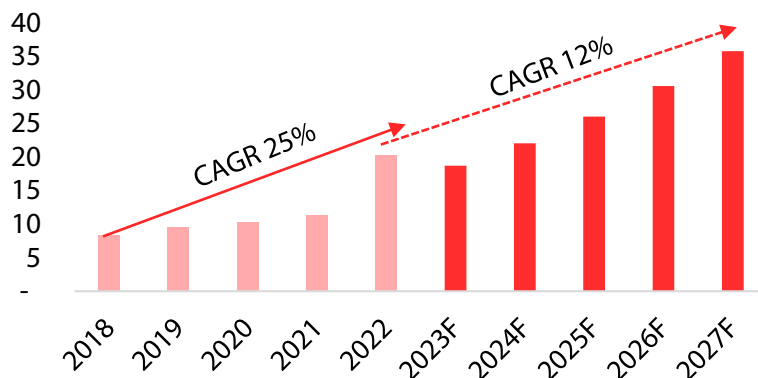
Forecast basket: BHX (MWG), WCM (MSN)

Pharmacy sales forecast (VND Tn)



Forecast basket: An Khang (MWG), Long Chau (FRT)

Jewelry sales forecast (VND Tn)



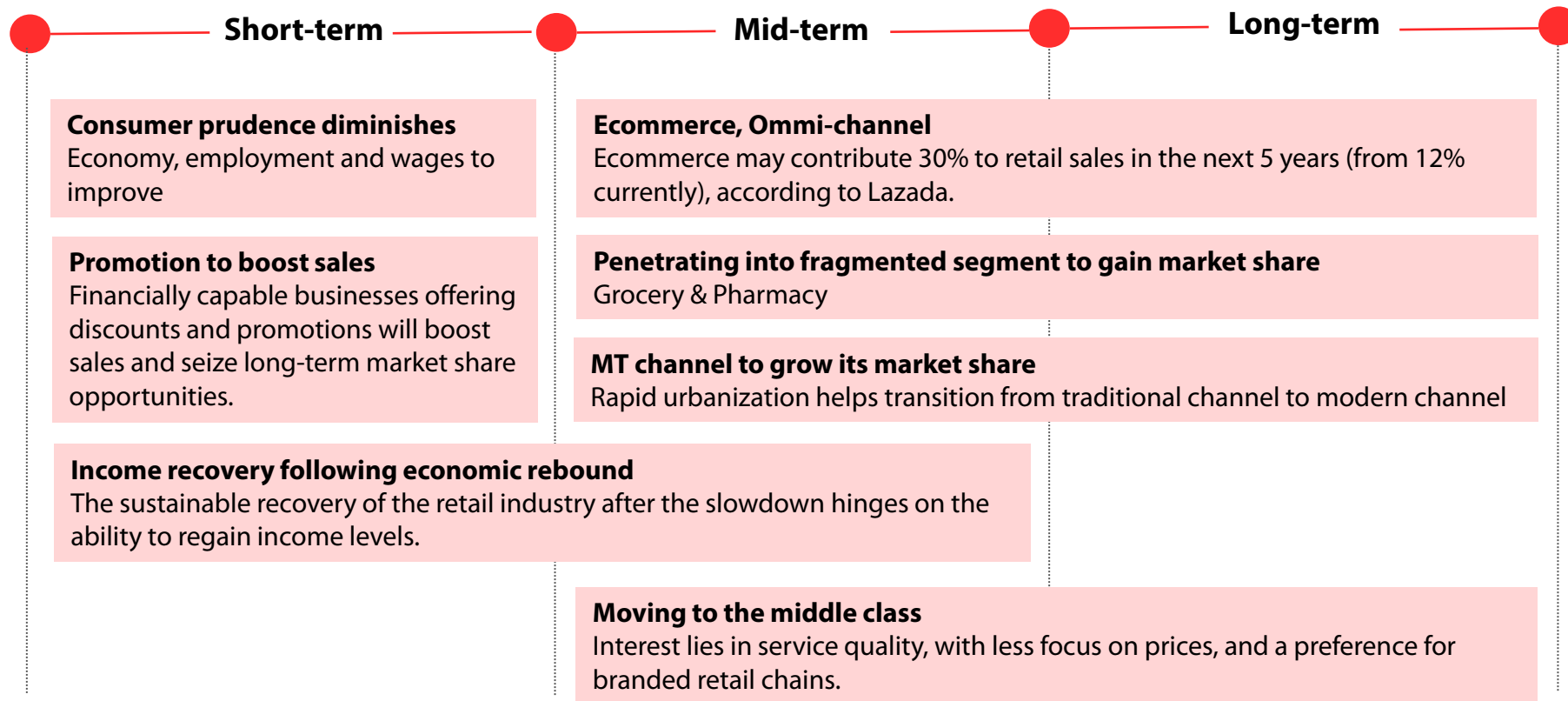
Forecast basket: PNJ

Source: RongViet Securities.

- Over the next five years, the two sectors expected to exhibit the most robust sales growth are pharmaceutical and grocery retail. This growth will be fueled by their increasing market share. Additionally, businesses in this segment experienced stronger profit growth compared to revenue growth, benefiting from economies of scale.
- Retail of ICT & CE faces constraints in expanding store size since the top two enterprises in the industry hold more than 60% of the market share. Nevertheless, growth prospects in the next five years will be driven by rising demand for technology products and the replacement cycle of existing technology products.
- Jewelry retail, encompassing only PNJ in our coverage, is poised to witness 12% YoY growth over the next five years, primarily attributed to the expanding middle class. It is anticipated that profit growth will parallel the increase in sales.

What will drive the short-term recovery and the long-term growth?

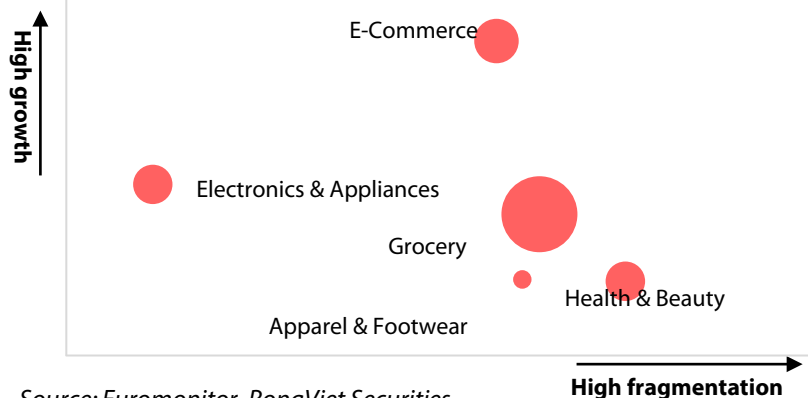
Growth drivers of Vietnam retail in short-, mid-, and long-term



- We anticipate that certain sub-sectors with significant untapped potential in the MT channel will experience remarkable growth in the coming years.
- According to McKinsey, by 2035, over half of the Vietnamese population will join the global middle class, leading to an increase in consumer demands and preferences for premium products. This trend is expected to fuel the expansion of both MT and omni channels.
- The grocery and health & beauty segments still have considerable room for growth, as their current penetration rates remain relatively low. Companies like MWG's Bach Hoa Xanh and FRT's Long Chau are likely to benefit the most from this opportunity.
- Retailers will increasingly target the Northern regions, where modern trade channels have not yet gained substantial traction. However, they will first focus on consolidating their market share in the South before tapping into these untapped markets. Urbanization will also play a role in shaping consumer behavior, allowing for the expansion of modern retail networks in Tier 2 and 3 areas.
- Capital raising stories are expected to become more prevalent starting in 2024. Young chains like BHX or LC are projected to achieve positive earnings by then, making it an opportune time for them to raise capital and accelerate their store expansion. Should this scenario unfold, these chains may experience a revaluation of their worth.

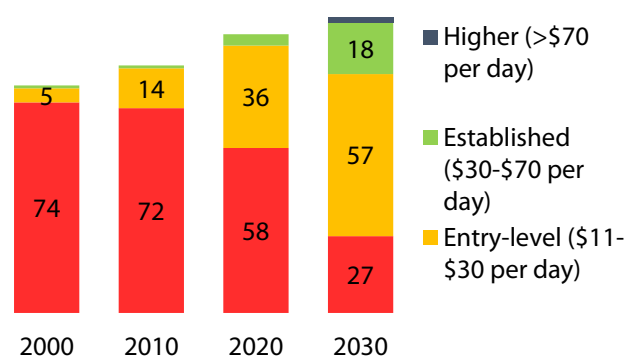
Growth and fragmentation of key segments

Health & Beauty and Grocery have the highest fragmentation
Electronics & Appliances and E-commerce have the highest growth



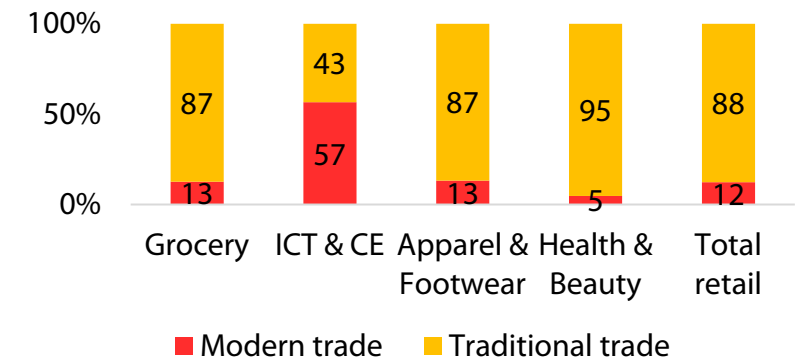
Population by income group (mn people)

Consuming class continues widening



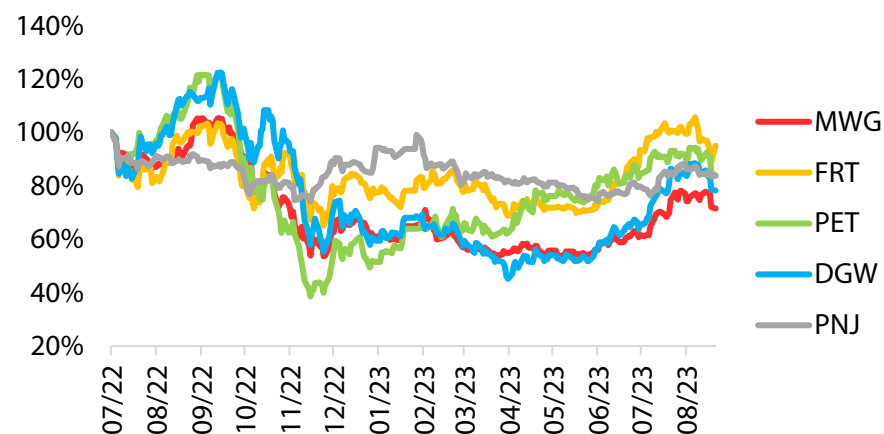
Market share of modern and traditional trade

MT grew 8% over the past 5Y and accounted for 12% total retail sales



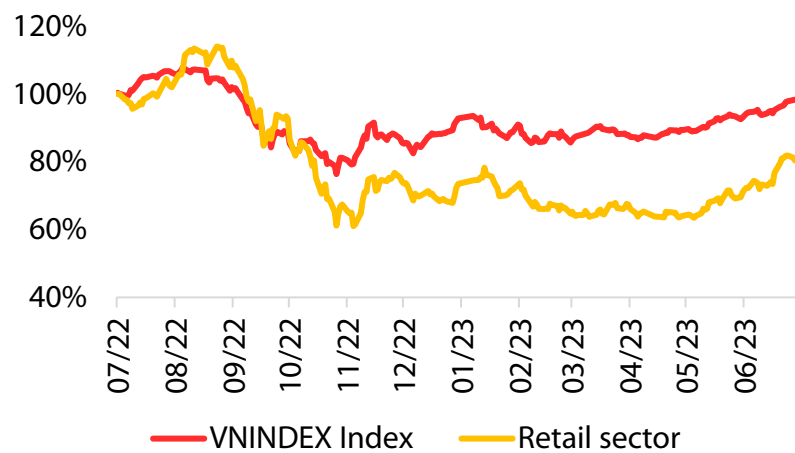
Source: Fiinpro, RongViet Securities

Stock price performance of retail stocks



Source: Fiinpro, RongViet Securities

Stock price performance of retail sector vs. VNI



Source: Fiinpro, RongViet Securities

Sales growth, NPAT growth and P/E fwd 2023F-2025F

	Sales growth (%)			NPAT growth (%)			P/E fwd			Avg 5Y P/E (x)
	2023F	2024F	2025F	2023F	2024F	2025F	2023F	2024F	2025F	
MWG	-15%	16%	11%	-72%	249%	78%	66.3	19.0	10.9	14.9
FRT	7%	22%	15%	-147%	282%	82%	N/A	27.3	15.0	36.3
PNJ	-3%	12%	13%	-1%	22%	27%	14.6	13.4	12.1	18.7

Source: RongViet Securities

- Challenges in business results lie ahead, but we anticipate a gradual recovery in the upcoming quarters. Investors are aware that these difficulties are temporary and are focusing on businesses with strong long-term growth potential. MWG and FRT are expected to experience robust profit growth in 2024-2025, driven by the recovery of the ICT segment and the gradual profitability of their "start-up" segments.
- For investors seeking opportunities in strong recovery themes after the slowdown, discounted price zones in MWG and FRT stocks are likely to be appealing. For investors interested in sustainable earnings growth and current reasonable P/E ratios, PNJ remains our top pick.

Ticker	Mkt Cap.	Target price	Closing price	NTM Cash dividend	Foreign room leftover %	Revenue growth %YoY			NPAT-MI growth %YoY			2023 's Profitability		P/E		P/B	
	(\$mn)	(VND)	(07/31/2022)			2022A	2023F	2024F	2022A	2023F	2024F	ROE(*)	ROA(*)	Cur.(*)	5 Yr. AVG	Cur.(*)	5 Yr. AVG
MWG	3,315	57,600	53,700	500	0.0	8.5	-14.5	15.7	-7.8	-72.2	248.6	2.0	4.7	68.8	14.9	3.1	3.9
FRT	439	66,600	76,400	0	16.2	34.1	6.9	21.7	-12.0	-146.6	-281.9	-1.7	-10.3	-57.2	36.3	4.9	3.3
PNJ	1,149	88,000	83,000	2,000	0.5	73.3	-5.9	12.1	77.4	-0.8	17.2	13.7	21.7	15.2	18.7	3.2	3.8
PET	125	N.R	29,850	N.A	0.0	-0.3	n.a	n.a	-57.1	n.a	n.a	3.7	0.7	32.3	10.1	1.5	0.9
DGW	382	N.R	54,100	N.A	25.6	5.3	n.a	n.a	4.5	n.a	n.a	21.7	7.9	17.7	10.7	3.5	2.8

Source: Bloomberg, RongViet Securities. Data was updated as of July 31th, 2023.

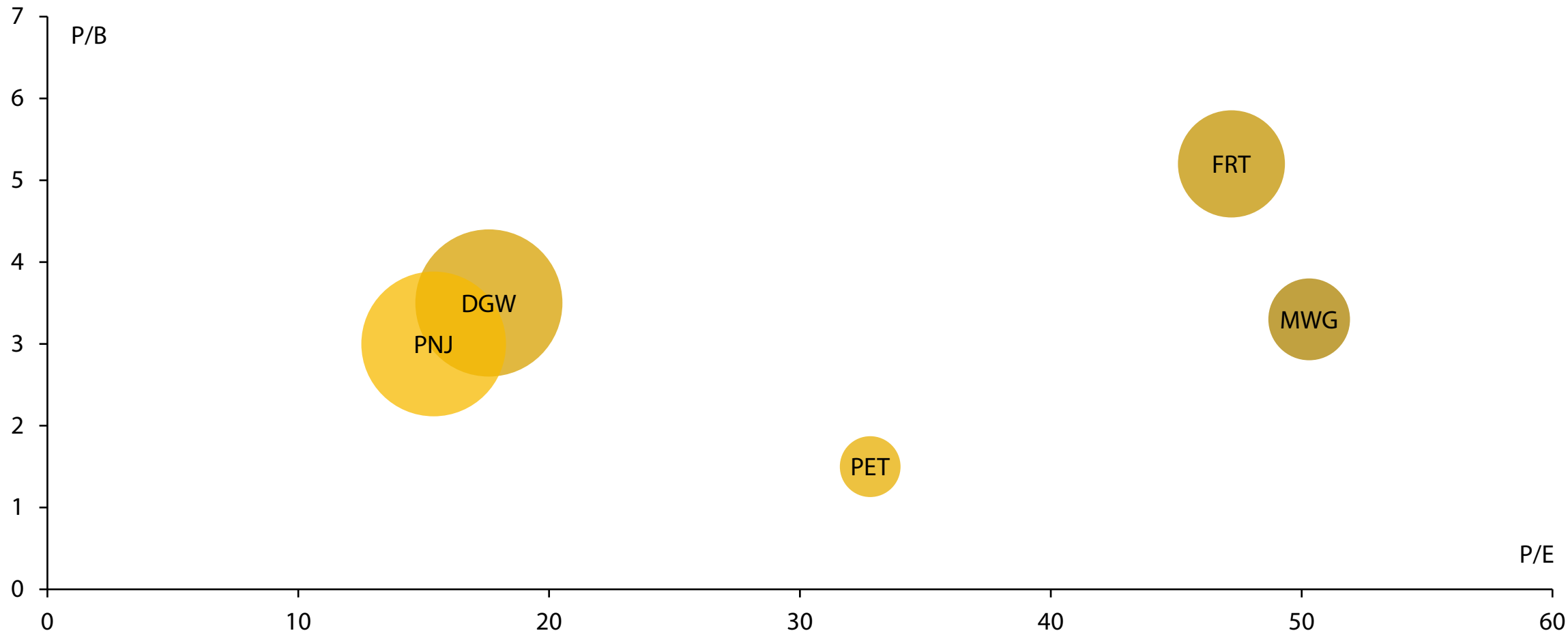
*For covered stocks: ROE, ROA, P/B, and P/E are estimated based on 2023 earnings

For followed stocks: the ratios was updated based on last 12 months data

N.R: Non rate

N.A: Not available

NPAT-MI: Net profit after tax and minority interest



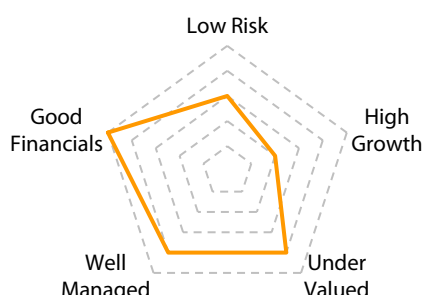
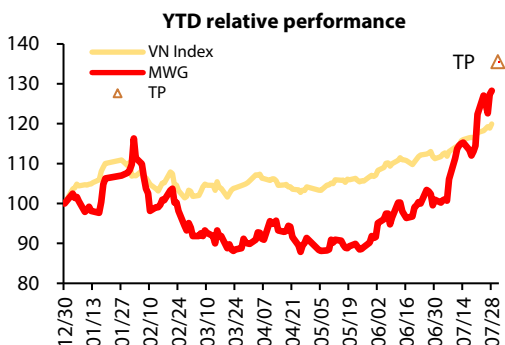
Source: Fiinpro, RongViet Securities. Bubble size equals respective ROE. Share price as of 31 Jul 2023.

ACCUMULATE: +12%

MP: 51,700

TP: 57,600

STOCK INFO



Sector	Retail
Market Cap (\$ mn)	3,280
Current Shares O/S (mn shares)	1,463
3M Avg. Volume (K)	3,852
3M Avg. Trading Value (VND Bn)	173
Remaining foreign room (%)	0.0
52-week range ('000 VND)	35.25 – 75.4

FINANCIALS	2022A	2023F	2024F
Revenue (VND bn)	133,405	114,072	131,963
NPATMI (VND bn)	4,100	1,141	3,977
ROA (%)	7.3	2.0	6.1
ROE (%)	17.1	4.7	14.8
EPS (VND)	2,801	779	2,717
Book Value (VND)	16,339	16,618	18,335
Cash dividend (VND)	500	500	500
P/E (x)	15.3	66.3	19.0
P/B (x)	2.6	3.1	2.8

INVESTMENT RATIONALES

Unprofitable in the first half, better outlook in the latter half

- MWG recorded total revenue of VND 57 tn, down 20% YoY. In which, ICT revenue was VND 41.5 tn (USD 1.7 bn), down 27% YoY and BHX chain revenue was VND 13.6 tn (or USD 0.5 bn), up 7% YoY. MWG's profit margins squeezed due to promotions and price cuts, resulting in a 99% YoY decline with only VND 39 bn (USD 1.6 mn) in NPAT in 1H 2023. Despite a mild improvement in sales during Q2 2023, none of MWG's chains witnessed substantial progress in their bottom lines compared to the previous quarter.
- ICT: We expect sales to gradually recover, but bottom line to take long time to recover until price competition comes to an end. A more notable rebound is expected in Q4 2023 when consumer purchasing power to regain and new product lines to launch.
- BHX: Sales per store showed promising improvement with VND 1.5 bn in mid-2023 following restructuring efforts. However, BHX's plan to reach break-even point in Q4 23 might be hindered by challenging economic conditions, making it difficult to further enhance purchasing power. We forecast this chain may continue to incur a loss of VND 1 tn (USD 42 mn) in FY23.

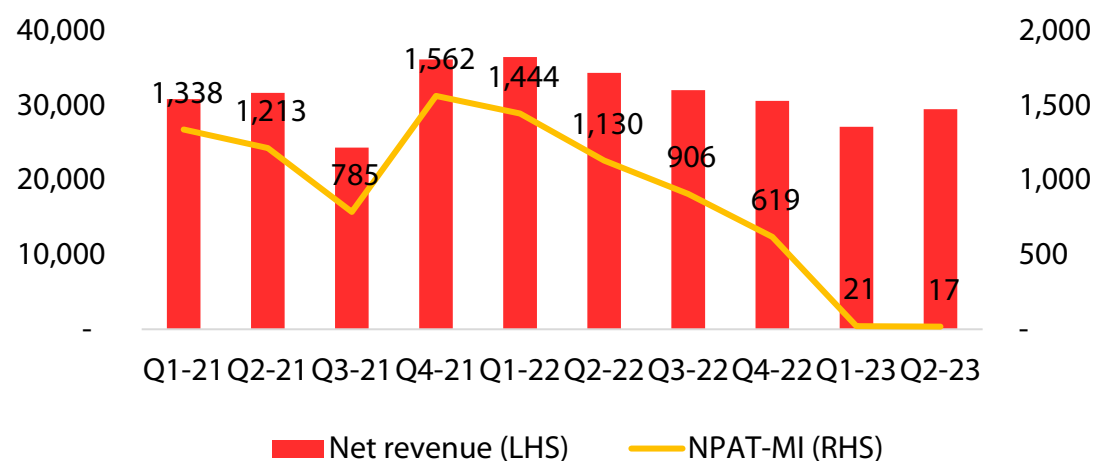
Leading position allows the company to recover rapidly after the slowdown

- MWG's strong physical store presence and strong cash flow facilitate a quick recovery and market share expansion post-economic rebound. According to our forecast, the ICT segment is anticipated to experience a robust recovery in 2024, and the BHX chain is expected to reach the break-even point in mid-2024, followed by a positive bottom line in FY2025.
- Based on this forecast, MWG's trading P/E ratio of 19.0x/10.9x for 2024F/2025F appears attractive for long-term investors, given the projected EPS CAGR of 23% from FY2022-2027F. Hence, investors may consider accumulating the stock at its discounted price.

RISKS TO OUR CALL

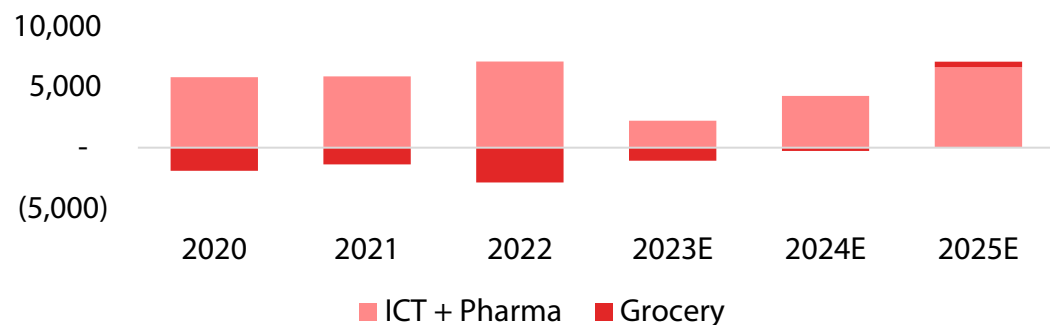
- Slower/faster-than-expected ICT demand recovery.
- The breakeven timing fluctuations and capital sales can influence the valuation of the BHX chain.

Dismal business results in 1H 2023, stemming from weak demand and price competition of ICT segment (VND Bn)



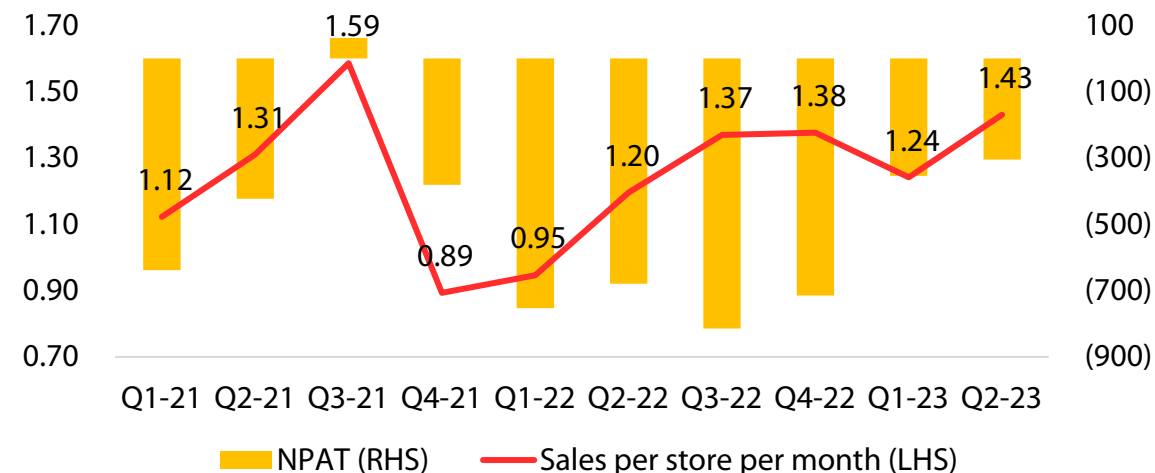
Source: MWG, RongViet Securities

BHX's loss is expected to continue to shrink by half in 2H 2023 compared to 1H 2023, before reaching breakeven point in 2024; Combined with ICT profit to gradually recover in 2024, although still lower than 2020-22 level as price competition remains (VND Bn)



Source: RongViet Securities

BHX's sales per store is improving and net loss is narrowing (VND Bn)



Source: MWG, RongViet Securities

Valuation summary

Unit: VND Bn	Valuation approach	% Contribution	Value per share
BHX	10Y FCFE (Ke: 13%, g: 3%)	25%	13,600
	P/S @ 1.2x 2023-24F Sales	25%	25,000
TGDD/DMX	5Y FCFE (Ke: 13%, g: 1%)	25%	54,500
	P/E @ 10x 2023-24F EPS	25%	22,100
Target price (VND)			57,600
Cash dividend			500
Current market price			51,700
Total stock return			12%
TP / 2023F EPS			73.9
TP / 2024F EPS			21.2
TP / 2025F EPS			12.2

Source: RongViet Securities

ACCUMULATE: +11%

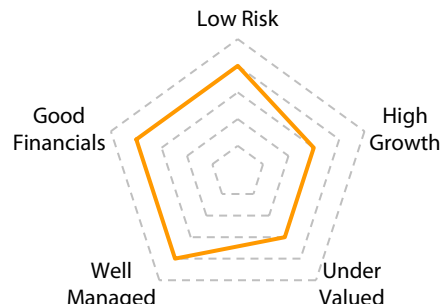
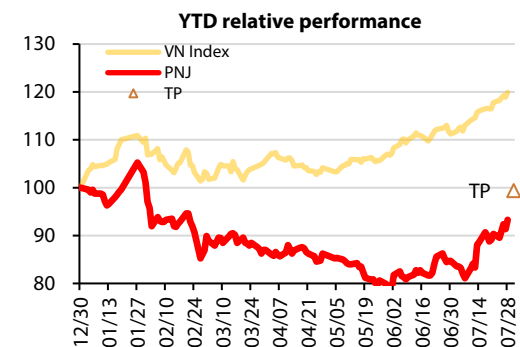
MP: 80,800

TP: 88,000

STOCK INFO

FINANCIALS

2022A 2023F 2024F



Sector	Personal & Household Goods
Market Cap (\$ mn)	1,136
Current Shares O/S (mn shares)	328
3M Avg. Volume (K)	854
3M Avg. Trading Value (VND Bn)	65
Remaining foreign room (%)	0.9
52-week range ('000 VND)	67.5 – 95.1

Revenue (VND bn)	33,876	31,893	35,752
NPATMI (VND bn)	1,807	1,792	2,101
ROA (%)	13.6	13.7	12.2
ROE (%)	28.5	21.7	21.4
EPS (VND)	7,340	5,460	5,828
Book Value (VND)	25,740	25,221	27,280
Cash dividend (VND)	2,000	2,000	2,000
P/E (x)	12.2	14.7	13.7
P/B (x)	2.6	3.2	2.9

INVESTMENT RATIONALE

Financially resilient customer base has stabilized earnings in FY2023

- Despite the global economic slowdown, PNJ's business performance only suffered minor setbacks in 1H 2023, with a 10% YoY decline in revenue and 1% YoY decrease in NPAT. However, the weak demand backdrop presents an opportunity for PNJ to gain more market share, as indicated by its retail sales drop of only 10% YoY compared to a 16% YoY plunge nationwide (as per WGC) in 1H 2023.
- With the government's expansionary policy and the middle affluent class's fast-paced economic recovery, PNJ is expected to rebound during 2H 2023, with sales gradually improving month by month. Thus, we anticipate a slight YoY decrease of 6% YoY in net revenue and 1% YoY in NPAT for PNJ in FY2023.

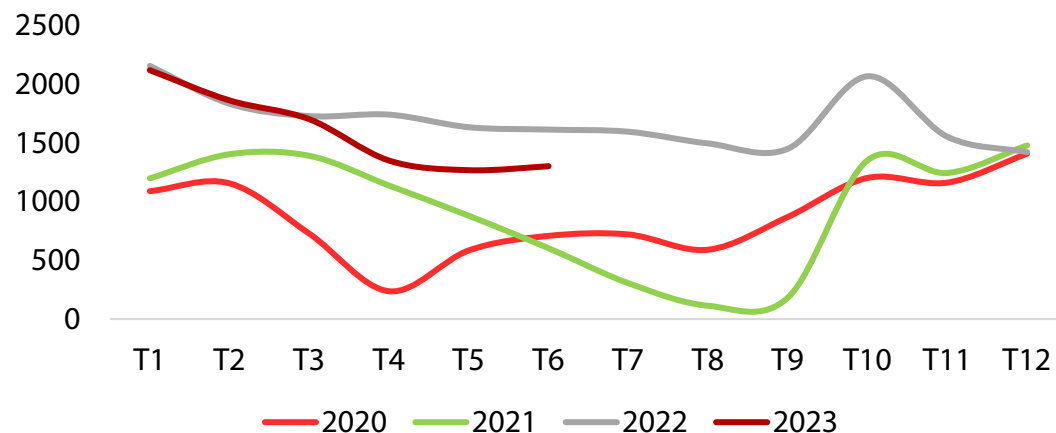
Promising long-term investment with steady growth potential for the next five years

- Anticipated growth in jewelry demand and enhanced operating efficiency contribute to our projected EPS CAGR of 16% for the period 2023-2027F.
- Based on our analysis, PNJ's target price results in a 2023F/2024F P/E ratio of 16.1x/15.1x, respectively, compared to its five-year average TTM P/E of 15x.

RISK TO OUR CALL

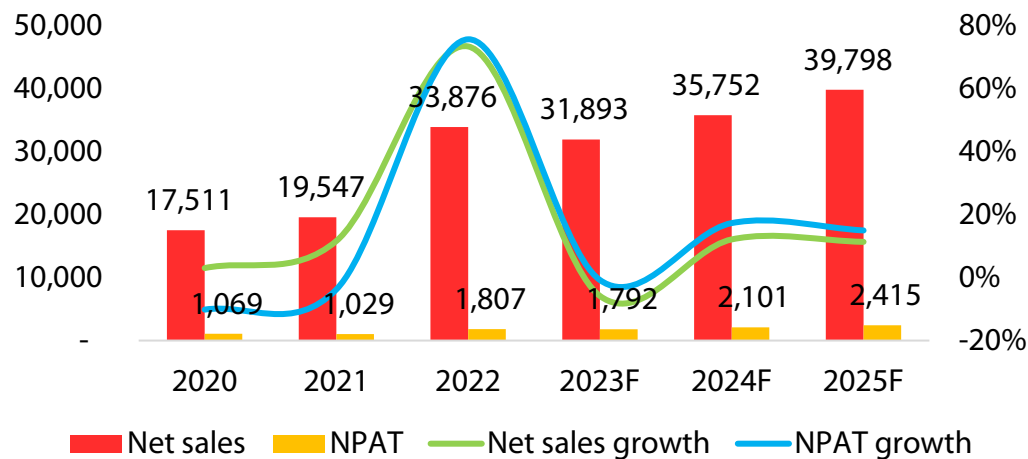
- Jewelry demand being stronger/weaker than our expectation.
- Changes in the new capacity expansion plan.

PNJ's monthly retail sales (VND Bn)



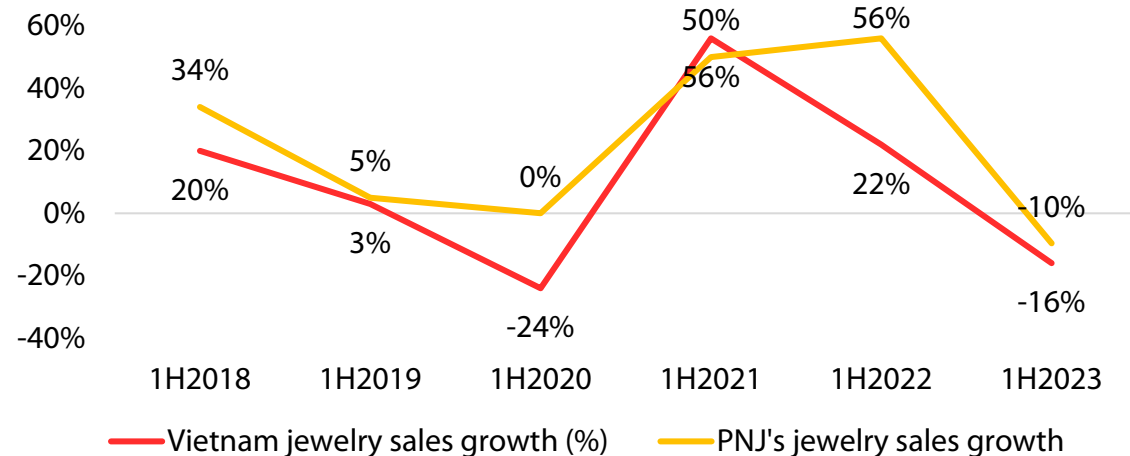
Source: PNJ, RongViet Securities

Net sales and NPAT forecast (VND Bn)



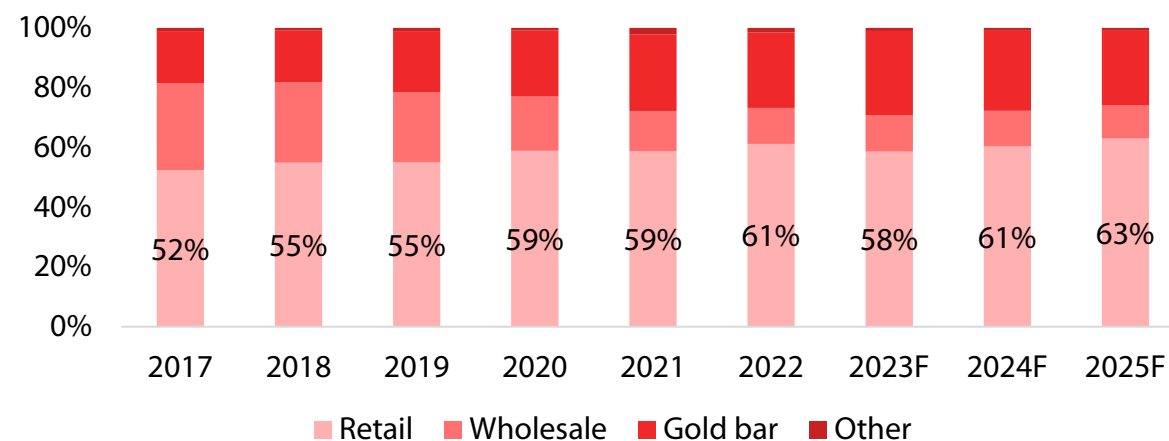
Source: RongViet Securities

Vietnam vs. PNJ in jewelry sales growth (% YoY)



Source: PNJ, RongViet Securities

Revenue structure forecast (%)



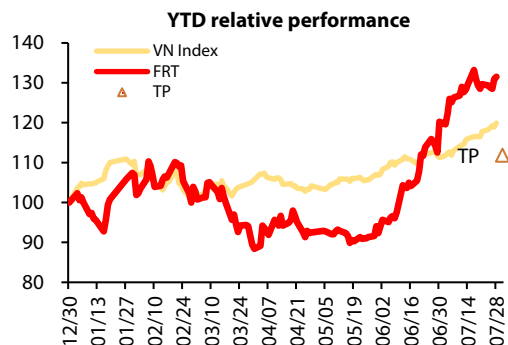
Source: RongViet Securities

REDUCE: -12%

MP: 76,400

TP: 66,600

STOCK INFO



Sector

Market Cap (\$ mn)

Current Shares O/S (mn shares)

3M Avg. Volume (K)

3M Avg. Trading Value (VND Bn)

Remaining foreign room (%)

52-week range ('000 VND)

Retail

446

136

1,027

69

16.3

48.43 – 81.3

FINANCIALS

2022A

2023F

2024F

Revenue (VND bn)

30,166

32,261

39,267

NPATMI (VND bn)

390

-182

331

ROA (%)

3.8

-1.6

2.7

ROE (%)

19.4

-10.3

16.3

EPS (VND)

3,295

-1,539

2,798

Book Value (VND)

16,951

14,912

17,209

Cash dividend (VND)

500

-

-

P/E (x)

18.2

N/A

23.8

P/B (x)

3.5

5.1

4.4

INVESTMENT RATIONALES

Long Chau's improvement is insufficient to make up for the loss from FPT Shop in FY2023.

- In 1H 2023, FRT recorded revenue of VND 15 tn (USD 0.6 bn, +7% YoY) and net loss of VND 224 bn (USD 10 mn). In which, Long Chau achieved net revenue of VND 6.8 bn (USD 0.3 bn, +72% YoY) and net profit of VND 94 bn (USD 4 mn, +268% YoY). The substantial loss of FPT Shop was ascribed to the sharp price cuts combined with low demand, particularly for Apple items.
- We anticipate the ICT segment's bottom line to continue incurring loss in Q3, albeit at a slightly slower rate than the previous quarter, before turning a profit in Q4 2023 given an uptick in consumer spending, a cyclical renewal of technology products, and the introduction of new product lines. Conversely, given its successful store growth plan, we forecast that Long Chau will retain the profitability established in 1H 2023 over the latter half. However, the profit generated by Long Chau may not be sufficient to offset the losses incurred by the remaining chain.
- FRT is anticipated to experience a robust rebound in its FY2024 bottom line, driven by the ICT segment's recovery from a low base and the continued improvement in profitability of LC.

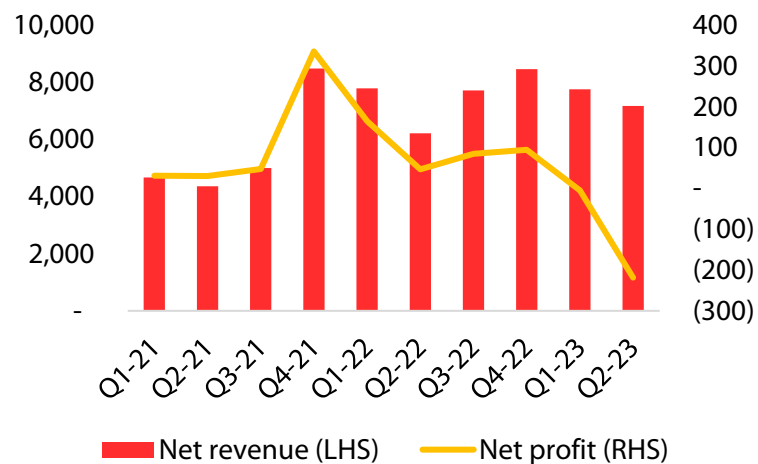
Long Chau is the key growth engine from FY2023

- We anticipate a 64% CAGR growth in LC's NPAT from FY2022-2027F, driven by strong store expansion and continuous profitability improvement.
- Capitalizing on competitors' difficulties, LC is expected to increase its retail pharmaceutical market share significantly to facilitate faster-than-expected profit growth. Hence, the chain should be had a re-valuation with a premium target P/S ratio of 0.5x compared to the previous 0.3x and 1.0x for regional peers.
- The recent stock price jump has already factored in the expected recovery next year. Despite the possibility that the worst is behind us, the persisting challenges of purchasing power difficulties and stiff competition cast doubt on the business's ability to escape from losses in the coming quarters.

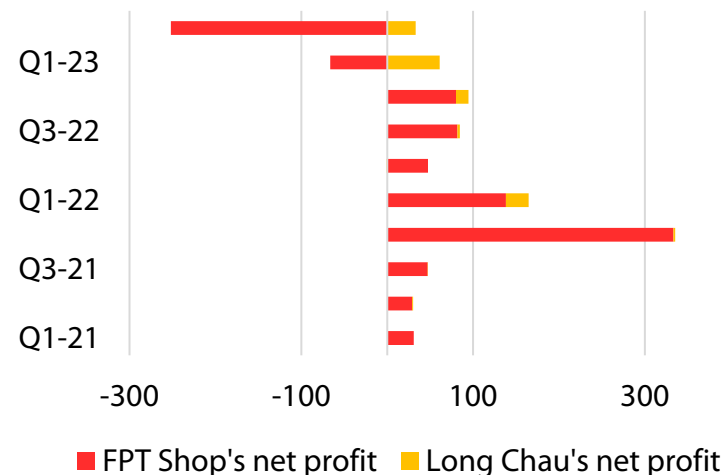
RISKS TO OUR CALL

- Slower/faster-than-expected ICT demand recovery.
- LC's store rollout and profitability to fall short of/exceed expectations.

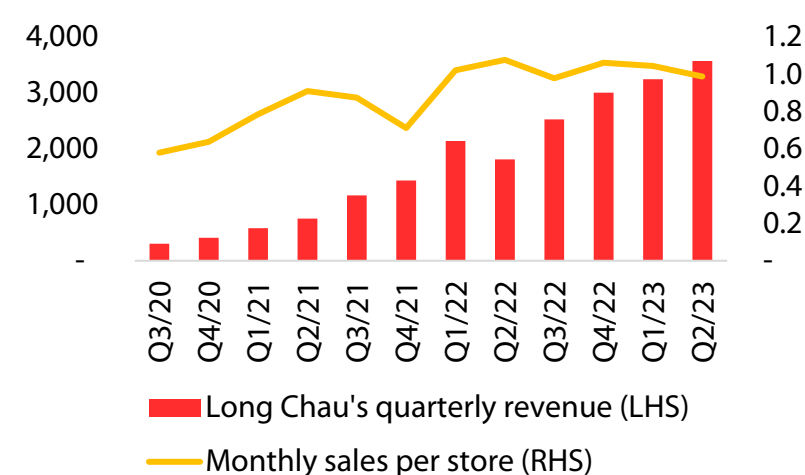
Incurring losses in 1H 2023 (VND Bn)



LC became main profit contributor (VND Bn)



LC sales grow notably driven by store expansion (VND Bn)

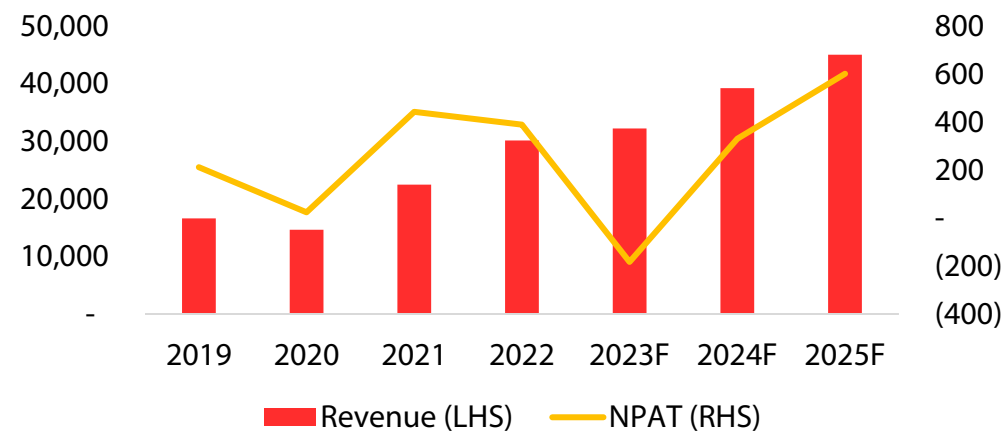


Source: FRT, RongViet Securities

Source: FRT, RongViet Securities

Source: FRT, RongViet Securities

Strong recovery in FY2024 on the low base of FPT Shop and continuing improvement of LC (VND Bn)



Source: RongViet Securities

Valuation summary

Unit: VND Bn	Valuation approach	% Contribution	Value per share
FPT Shop	5Y FCFF (WACC: 11.7%, g: 1.2%)	50%	19,500
	P/E @ 15x 2024F EPS	50%	5,500
Long Chau	10Y FCFF (WACC: 11.7%, g: 5.0%)	50%	33,400
	P/S @ 0.5x 2023-24 EPS	50%	74,773
Target price (VND)			66,600
Cash dividend			0
Current market price (VND) @ 31/07/2023			76,400
Total stock return			-13%
TP / 2023F EPS			-43.3
TP / 2024F EPS			23.8
TP / 2025F EPS			13.1

Source: RongViet Securities

ANALYSIS & INVESTMENT ADVISORY DEPARTMENT

Lam Nguyen

Head of Research

lam.ntp@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006 (1313)

Vu Tran

Senior Manager

vu.thx@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006 (1512)

- O&G
- Fertilizer

Tung Do

Manager

tung.dt@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006 (1521)

- Aviation
- Logistics
- Market Strategy

An Nguyen

Senior Analyst

an.ntn@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006 (1526)

- Food & Beverage
- Automotive & Spare parts

Lam Do

Senior Analyst

lam.dt@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006 (1524)

- Real Estate

Hung Le

Analyst

hung.ltq@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006 (1530)

- Industrial RE
- Market Strategy

Loan Nguyen

Analyst

loan.nh@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006 (1526)

- Retail
- Fishery
- F&B

Chinh Nguyen

Analyst

chinh.nd@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006 (1530)

- Bank

Hoai Trinh

Analyst

hoai.ttt@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006 (1530)

- Utilities
- Textiles

Quan Cao

Analyst

quan.cn@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006 (2223)

- Seaport
- Pharmaceutical

Ha My Tran

Senior Consultant

my.tth@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006

- Macroeconomics

Bernard Lapointe

Senior Consultant

bernard.lapointe@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006

Trinh Nguyen

Senior Consultant

trinh.nh@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006

Ngan Le

Analyst

ngan.lk@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006

- O&G
- Fertilizer

Ha Tran

Assistant

ha.ttn@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006 (1526)

Khanh Dang

Assistant

khanh.bdc@vdsc.com.vn
+ 84 28 6299 2006



VIET DRAGON SECURITIES CORPORATION



Floor 1 to Floor 8, Viet Dragon Tower, 141 Nguyen Du Street., Dist.1, HCMC, Vietnam



www.vdsc.com.vn

